



StatPhys29

Venice, 21-23 July 2025

Complex Networks satellite

Climate-induced delay propagation in rail networks as a non-Markovian process

Mauro Faccin, T Scagliarini, M De Domenico

INFN and DFA at University of Padova

mauro.fccn@gmail.com



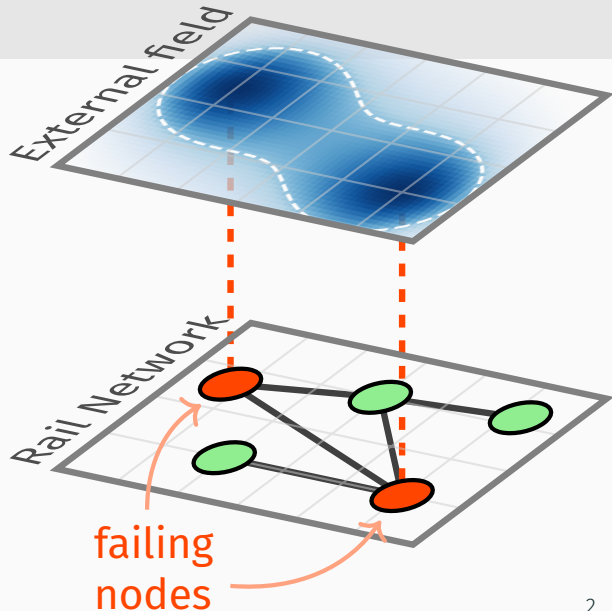
Framework

3 ingredients for this soup:

- Infrastructure: complex topology embedded in space
- Dynamical model
- External climate stressors

Research Question

Interaction between human-made systems and natural external stressors.



Model

Non-Markovian *propagation*
model with *generation* and
absorption processes

$$\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{1}) = \mathcal{T}(\mathbf{t})\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t}) + \beta\mathbf{g} - \gamma\mathbf{c}$$

$\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t}) \rightarrow$ *perturbation state* vector
defined at each station (delay)

Real world application:

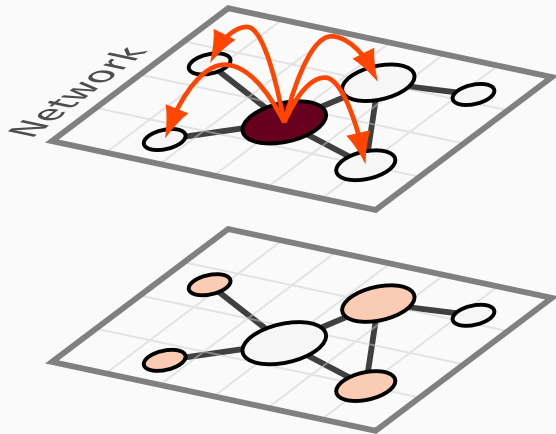
-  *Delay propagation on a*
-  *railway system influenced by*
-  *rainfalls*

Model – Diffusion process

The diffusion process ruled by the **network topology**

$$\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t} + 1) = \mathcal{T}(\mathbf{t})\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t}) + \beta\mathbf{g} - \gamma\mathbf{c}$$

$\mathcal{T}(\mathbf{t})$ transfer probability



Model – Generation process

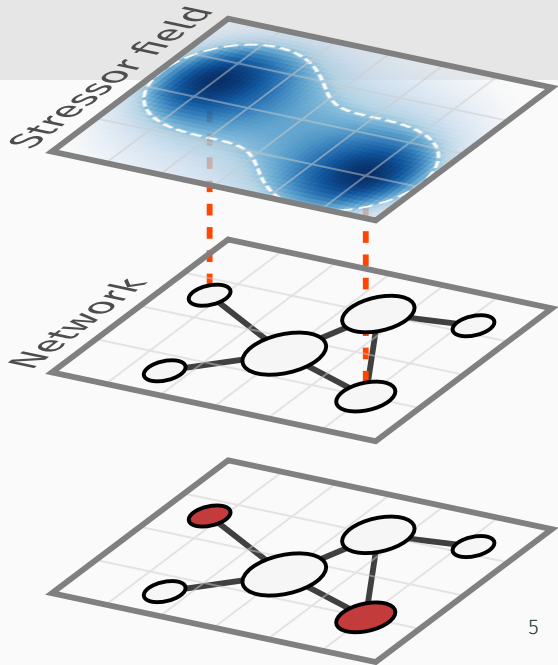
The generation process ruled by the **external stressor field** (rain)

$$\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{1}) = \mathcal{T}(\mathbf{t})\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t}) + \beta \mathbf{g} - \gamma \mathbf{c}$$
$$\mathbf{g} = (\mathcal{W}(\mathbf{t}) \odot \mathcal{S}(\mathbf{t}))\mathbf{1}$$

β generation rate

$\mathcal{W}(\mathbf{t})$ trains traversing each link

$\mathcal{S}(\mathbf{t})$ amount of rain experienced at each link



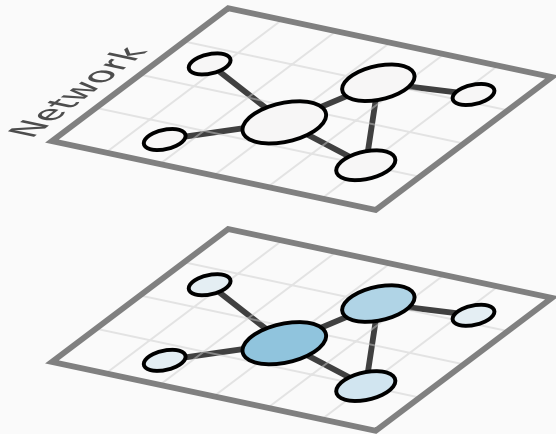
Model – Absorption process

The absorption process ruled by the **local capacity** to absorb delays

$$\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{1}) = \mathcal{T}(\mathbf{t})\mathbf{s}(\mathbf{t}) + \beta\mathbf{g} - \gamma\mathbf{c}$$

γ absorption rate

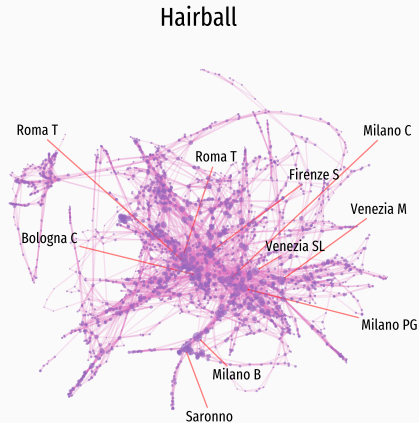
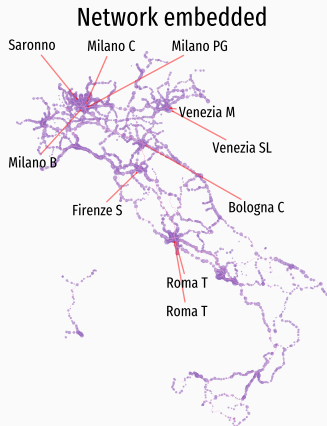
$\mathbf{c}$ station capacity





Data – Network

- Network of stations connected by direct trains.
- Shapes and locations from OpenStreetMap

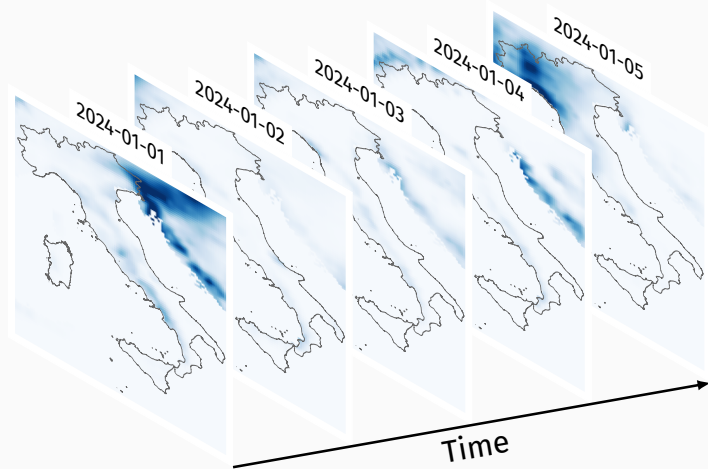


Not a Ridiculogram since not published in *Nature* nor *Science*

Data – Stressor

Historical weather variables
(*hourly*; ERA5@Copernicus)

`total_precipitation_land`



Data – Real world

- All trains (2020-2024) from the major Italian railway operator
- Arrival/departure scheduled and real time

DEPARTURES

DESTINAZIONE
DESTINATION

ORARIO
TIME

RITARDO
DELAY

INFORMAZ
INFORMAT

TORINO P.N.

13:45

200'

RMA

BOLZANO

16:15

55'

RMA

MILANO C.LE

16:20

55'

RMA

MILANO C.LE

16:30

45'

RMA

BOLZANO

16:45

35'

RMA

TORINO P.N.

17:00

15'

RMA

FIUMICINO A.

17:05

RMA

LATINA

17:06

RMA

CASSINO

17:07

RMA

MILANO C.LE

17:10

15'

RMA

FIRENZE SMN

17:12

RMA

GROSSETO

17:12

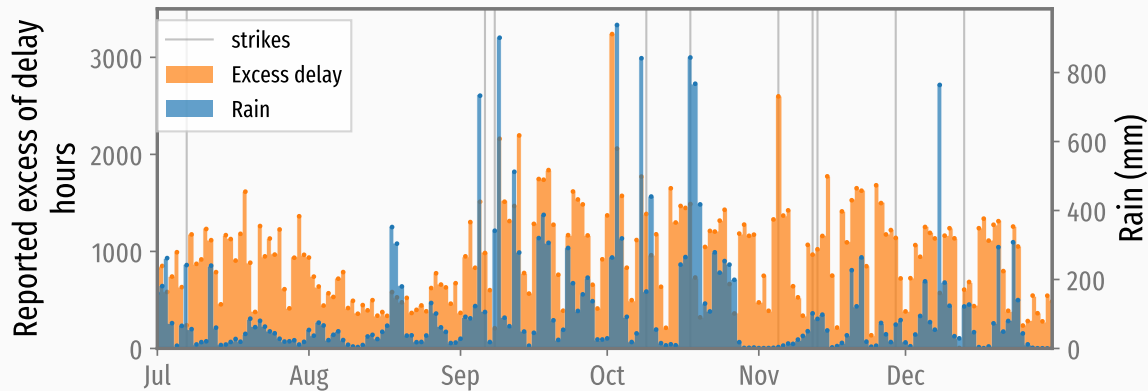
RMA

FROSINONE

17:14

RMA

Data – Real world



Cumulated daily delay vs. rainfalls

Results

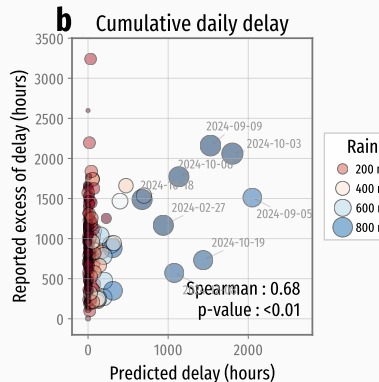
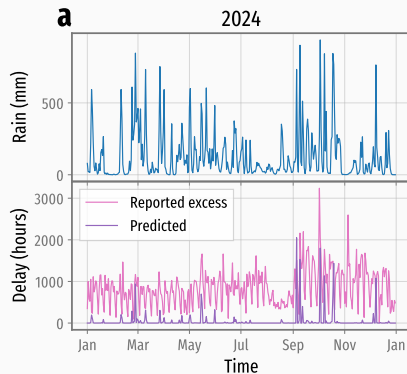
Parameter inference

- Learning set: 2021-2023.

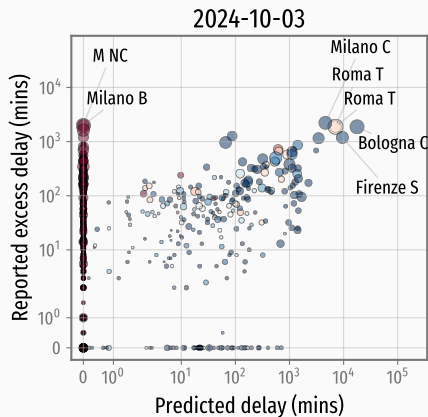
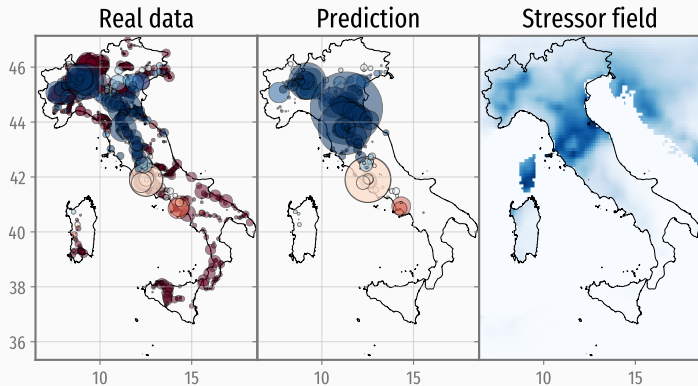
- Validation: 2024

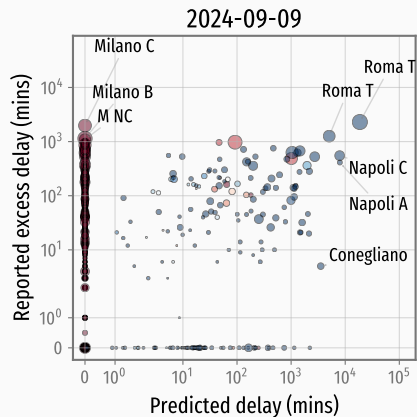
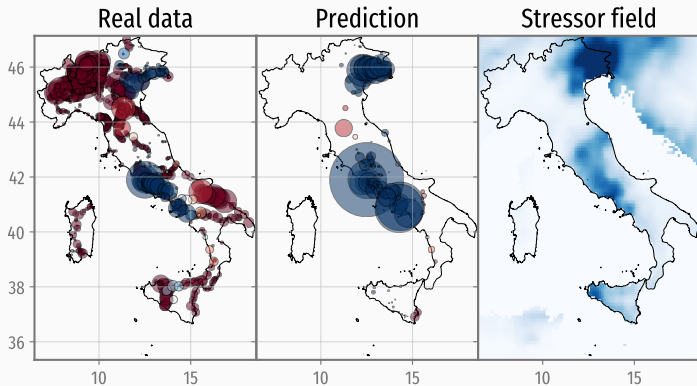
We can predict delay distribution in rainy (blue) days.

Spearman: 0.68

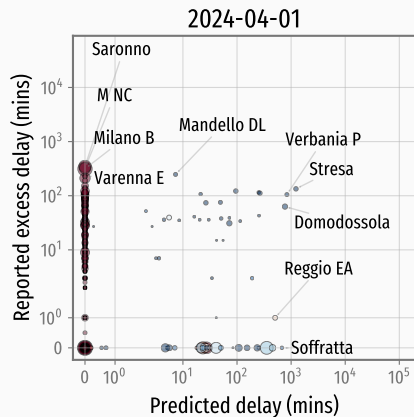
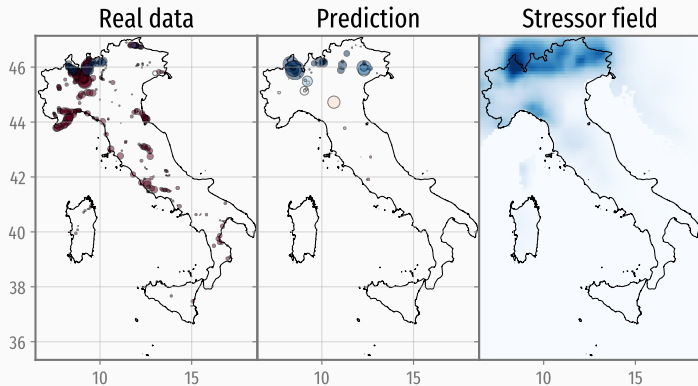


2024-10-03





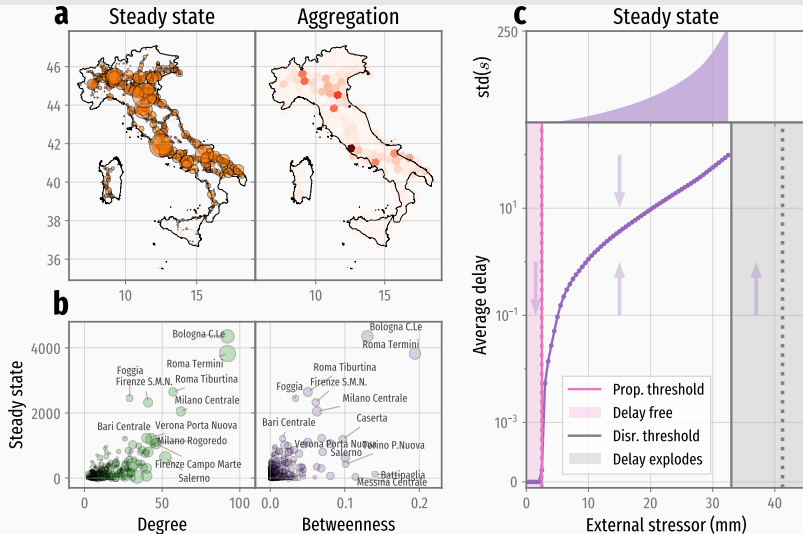
2024-04-01



Phase space – System resilience

System response from a continuous external stressor field.

- Delay absorbed below a **propagation threshold**
 $\beta g_i < \gamma c_i \quad \forall i$
- System collapse above a **disruption threshold**
 $\langle \beta g \rangle > \langle \gamma c \rangle$
- Endemic delay in-between

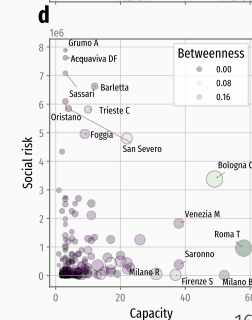
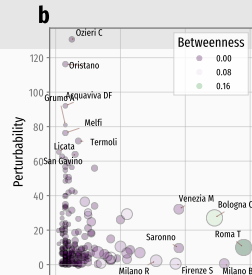
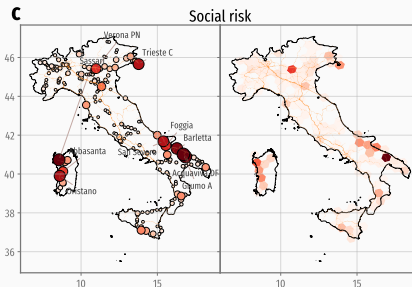
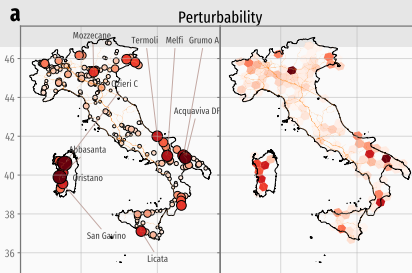


Perturbability and Social risk

Perturbability: station ability to influence the network

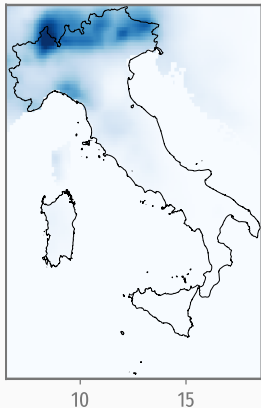
Total delay experienced by the network after initial stress around a station.

Social risk: perturbability weighted by the *social cost* (population affected)



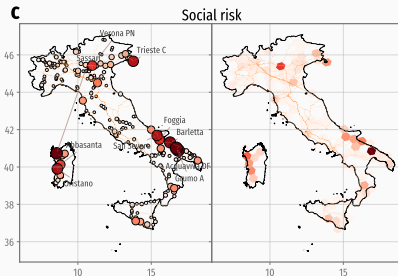
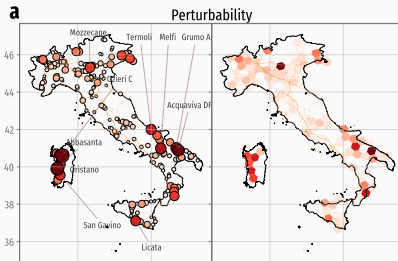
Perturbability and Social risk

Stressor field



What happened in
2024-04-01 🐟?

Stressor field *perpendicular* to
the *system perturbability*.



? Questions?

👤 <https://maurofaccin.github.io>

✉ mauro.fccn@gmail.com

👥 @CoMuNeLab, @UNIPD

Joint work with:



Tomas Scagliarini
UniPD



Manlio De Domenico
UniPD

- Model of *propagation+generation+absorption* of perturbations
- Interaction between external stressor (e.g. climate variables) and dynamics
- Prediction of *complete system failure* at high values of the external stressor
- *Perturbability centrality* and *social risk*

Aknowledgements: FIS project no. FIS00000158 (CUP C53C23000660001). INFN grant "LINCOLN".